

FINGROWTH
CD-IPERATIVE B.ANK LTD.
(Registered under Multi-State Co-op. Society Act)

## POLICY FOR SAFE DEPOSIT LOCKER / SAFE CUSTODY ARTICLE FACILITY

## Annexure-A

Policy for Safe Deposit Locker / Safe Custody Article Facility


## PART I: Customer Due Diligence (CDD) for Lockers

## 1. Customer Due Diligence

1.1 The existing customers of a bank who have made an application for locker facility and who are fully compliant with the customer due diligence criteria (COD) as per updated kyc guidelines, may be given the facilities of safe deposit lockers/ safe custody article subject to ongoing compliance.
1.2 Customers who are not having any other banking relationship with the bank may be given the facilities of safe deposit locker / safe custody article after complying with the CDD criteria as per KYC updated guidelines and subject to on-going compliance. The due diligence shall be carried out for all the customers in whatever rights and capacities they may be hiring the locker.
1.3 We are incorporating suitable clause in the locker agreement that "the locker-hirer/s shall not keep anything illegal or any hazardous substance in the Safe Deposit locker. If the branch suspects the deposit of any illegal or hazardous substance by any customer in the safe deposit locker, the branch Manager shall have the right to take appropriate action against such customer as it deems fit and proper in the circumstances."
1.4 Branches have to obtain recent passport size photographs of lockerhirer(s) and individual(s) authorised by locker hirer(s) to operate the locker and preserve in the records pertaining to locker-hirer being maintained in the branch.

## PART II: Locker Allotment

2. In order to facilitate customers making informed choices, branch has to maintain a list of vacant lockers as well as a wait-list in Core Banking System (CBS) or any other computerized system compliant with Cyber Security Framework issued by RBI, for the purpose of allotment of lockers and ensure transparency in allotment of lockers. We have to acknowledge the receipt of all applications for allotment of locker and provide a wait list number to the customers, if the lockers are not available for allotment.

### 2.1 Model Locker Agreeme

2.1.1 At the time of allotment of the locker to a customer, branches have to enter into an agreement with the customer to whom the locker facility is provided, on a paper duly stamped. A copy of the locker agreernent in duplicate signed by both the parties shall be funished to the locker- hirer to know his/her rights and responsibilities. Original Agreement shall be refainedenjoth the branch where the locker is situated.

### 2.2 Locker Rent

2.2.1 Branch may face potential situations where the locker-hirer neither depositing annual rent nor operating the locker in such cases branches have been allowed to obtain a Term Deposit, at the time of allotment as per our guidelines issued and applicable from the year 1996-97, which would cover three years' rent and the charges for breaking open the locker in case of such eventuality. Branches shall however, not insist on such Term Deposits from the existing locker holders allotted prior to 1996-97 or those who have satisfactory operative account. The packaging of allotment of locker facility with placement of term deposits beyond what is specifically permitted above will be considered as a restrictive practice.
2.2.2 If locker rent is collected in advance, in the event of surrender of a locker by a customer, the proportionate amount of advance rent collected shall be refunded to the customer.
2.2.3 If there is any event such as merger / closure / shifting of branch warranting physical relocation of the lockers, we have to give public notice in two newspapers (including one local daily in vernacular language) in this regard and the customers shall be intimated at least two months in advance along with options for them to change or close the facility. In case of unplanned shifting due to natural calamities or any other such emergency situation, branches should make efforts to intimate the customers suitably at the earliest.

## PART III: Infrastructure and Security Standards

### 3.1 Security of the Strong Room/Vault

3.1.1 Branches should take necessary steps to ensure that the area in which the locker facility is housed is properly secured to prevent criminal break-ins. The risks of accessibility of an allotted locker from any side without involvement of the locker-hirer concerned may be assessed and kept. The place where the lockers are housed must be secured enough to protect against hazard of rain / flood water entering and damaging the lockers in contingent situations. The fire hazard risks of the area should also be assessed and minimized.
3.1.2 The area of the lockers should remain adequately guarded at all times. Bank m a y install Access Control System, if required as per their risk assessment, which would restrict any unauthorized entry and create digital record of access to locker room with time log. As per internal security polic/ branefiss may cover the entry and exit of the strong roon and
common areas of operation under CCTV camera and preserve its recording for a period of not less than 180 days. In case any customer has complained to the branch that his/her locker is opened without his/her knowledge and authority, or any theft or security breach is noticed/observed, the branch has to preserve the CCTV recording till the police investigation is completed and the dispute is settled.

### 3.2 Standers:-

All the branches have to ensure that identification Code of the bank / branch is embossed on all the locker keys with a view to facilitating identification of lockers / locker ownership by law enforcement, agencies in case of need. Further, the custodian of the locker shall, regularly / periodically, check the keys maintained in the branch to ensure that they are in proper condition. Branches shall permit the locker-hirer to operate the locker only with the key provided by the bank, although there is no restriction in allowing the customer to use an additional pad lock of her his own if there are such provisions in lockers.

## PART IV: Locker Operations

### 4.1 Regular Operations by Customers

4.1.1 The locker hirer and/or the persons duly authorized by him/ her only shall be permitted to operate the locker after proper verification of their identity and recording of the authorization by the officials concerned of the branch. The branch shall maintain a record of all individuals, including the locker-hirers, who have accessed the lockers and the date and time (both check-in and check-out time) on which they have opened and closed the locker and obtain their signature. The ingress and egress register for access to Vault Room by locker-hirers or any other individual including the banks' staff shall be maintained to record the movement of individuals in the Vault Room area with their signatures at appropriate place in the records.
4.1.2 The officer of the branch who is authorizing the locker-hirer to access the locker, after unlocking the first key / password shall not remain present when the locker is opened by the lockerhirer. He branch shall ensure that there is adequate privacy to the locker-hirers in the operations when customers access the lockers at the same time.
4.1.3 Branch shall send an email and SMS alert to the registered email ID and mobile number of the customer before the end of the day as a positive confirmation intimating the date andtrine of the locker operation and the redressal mechanism availabte in case of unauthorized locker access.
4.2 Internal Controls by branches
4.2.1 There shall be aisystem of inter change of locks whenever the locker is surrendered by the hirer. The keys of vacant lockers shall be kept in sealed envelopes. The duplicate master keys shall be deposited with another branch of the bank. There shall be proper record of joint custody of master keys. Head Office shall conduct surprise periodic verification.
4.2.2 Branches shall ensure that the Locker Register and the Locker Key Register are maintained in CBS or any other computerized system compliant with the Cyber Security Framework issued by the Reserve Bank. The Locker Register shall be updated in case of any change in the allotment with complete audit trails.
4.2.3 The branch custodian shall check whether the lockers are properly closed post locker operation. If the same is not done, the lockers must be immediately closed, and the locker-hirer shall be promptly intimated through e-mail, if registered or through SMS, if mobile number is registered or through letter so that they may verify any resulting discrepancy in the contents of the locker. Further, the custodian of the locker room shall carry out a physical check of the locker room at the end of the day to ensure that lockers are properly closed, and that no person is inadvertently trapped in the locker room after banking hours.

## PART V: Nomination Facility and Settlement of Claims

### 5.1 Nomination Facility

Nomination facilities faster and easier release* of articles without insistence on succession certificate/ probate of Will.
5.1.1 The branch shall offer nomination facility in case of safe deposit lockers and safe custody of articles, in accordance with the provisions of section $45-\mathrm{ZC}$ to $45-\mathrm{ZF}$ of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and Banking Companies (Nomination) Rules, 1985/Co-operative Banks (Nomination) Rules, 1985. In case the nominee is a minor, when the contents of a locker are sought to be removed on behalf of the minor nominee, handover the articles to a person who, in law is competent to receive the articles on behalf of the minor. A passport size photo of the nominee attested by the customer may be obtained from the customers, at his/her option and preserved in the records .Please note that nomination car be made in favour one person only. In case of joint locker holders nomination should be made by all the joint lockers, holders.
5.1.2 For the various Forms (Forms $\mathrm{SC1}, \mathrm{SC} 2$ and SC 3 for Articles left in Safe Custody and Forms SL1, SL1A, SL2, SL3 and SL3A for Safety Lockers) prescribed under Banking Companies (Nomination) Rules, 1985/Co-operative Banks (Nomination) Rules, 1985, only Thumb-impression(s) shall be required to be attested by: two witnesses. Signatures of the account holders need not be attested by witnesses.
5.1.3 Branches shall ensure to register the nomination, cancellation and / or variation of the nomination, in their books, made by the locker hirers.
5.1.4 Branches shall acknowledge the receipt of duly completed form of nomination, cancellation and / or variation of the nomination. Such acknowledgement shall be given to all the customers irrespective of whether the same is demanded by the customers or not.

### 5.2 Settlement of Claims in case of death of a Customer

5.2.1 Claims would be settled as per our prevailing procedure.
5.2.2 Claims by nominees for release of contents of safety lockers / safe custody article protection against notice of claims of other persons in accordance with the provisions of Sections 45 ZC to 45 ZF of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and the Banking Companies (Nomination) Rules, 1985/Co-operative Banks (Nomination) Rules, 1985 and the relevant provisions of Indian Contract Act and Indian Succession Act., shall be as per our extent guidelines.
5.2.3 In order to ensure that the articles left in safe custody and contents of lockers are returned to the genuine nominee, as also to verify the proof of death, claims in our prescribed format is to be obtain.
5.2.4 Time limit for settlement of claims: Branches shall send the claims in respect of deceased locker hirers promptly to H.O. for their sanction so that contents of the locker can be release promptly to the survivor(s) / nominee(s'), as the case may be, within a period not exceeding 15 days from the date of receipt of the claim subject to the production of proof of death of the
 reference to nomination, to the bank's satisfaction.
5.2.5 Branches shall report to the Customer Service Committee of the Board, at appropriate intervals, on an ongoing basis, the details of the number of claims received pertaining to deceased locker-hirers / depositors of safe custody article accounts and those pending beyond the stipulated period, with reasons therefor, Customer Service Committee of the Board of the banks shall review the settlement of claims and make suggestions to ensure that the claims are settled as early as possible unless there is any litigation pending before the Courts or any difficulty is being faced in identifying the true claimant with reference to nomination.
5.3 Access to the articles in the safe deposit lockers / return of safe custody articles
5.3.1 If the sole locker hirer nominates an individual to receive the contents in the locker, in case of his death, after verification of the death certificate and satisfying the identity and genuineness of such individual approached, the branch shall give access of the locker to such nominee with liberty to remove the contents of the locker, after an inventory was taken in the prescribed manner. In case the locker was hired jointly with the instructions to operate it under joint signatures, and the locker hirer(s) nominates any other individual( $s$ ), in the event of death of any of the locker hirers, the bank shal! give access of the locker and the liberty to remove the contents jointly to the survivor(s) and the nominee(s) after an inventory was taken in the prescribed manner. In case the locker was hired jointly with survivorsinip clause and the hirers instructed that the access of the locker should be given to "either or survivor", "anyone or survivor" or "former or survivor" or according to any other survivorship clause permissible under the provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949; the banks shall follow the mandate in the event of death of one or more of the joint locker-hirers.
5.3.ii) Branches shall, however, ensure the following before giving access to the contents to nominee/ survivor:
i) Exercise due care and caution in establishing the identity of the survivor(s) / nominee(s) and the fact of death of the locker hirer by obtaining appramiatien documentary evidence;
ii) Make diligent effort to find out whether there is any order or direction from Courts/Forums restraining it from giving access to the locker of the deceased; and
iii) Make it clear to the survivor(s) / nominee(s) that access to articles in the locker / safe custody articles is given to them only as a trustee of the legal heirs of the deceased locker hirer i.e., such access given to them shall not affect the right or claim which any person may have against the survivor(s) / nominee(s) to whom the access is given.
Similar procedure shall be followed for return of articles placed in the safe custody of the bank.
5.3.2 The branches shall ensure that, the contents of locker, when sought to be removed on behalf of a minor nominee, are handed over to a person who is, in law, competent to receive the articles on behalf of such minor. Further, the branch shall prepare an inventory of the articles in the presence of two independent witnesses, one officer of the branch who is not associated with the locker facility or safe deposit of articles and the claimant (s), who may be a nominee or an individual receiving the articles, on behalf of a minor.
5.3.3 The branch shall obtain a separate statenent from the nominee (claimant) or the person competent to receive articles on behalf of the minor, as the case may be, that all the contents in the locker or in the safe custody of the bank, as the case may be, are received and the locker is empty and they have no objection to allotment of the locker to any other customer as per norms.
5.3.4 While giving access to the survivor(s) / nominee(s) of the deceased locker hirer / depositor of the safe custody articles, baranch may avoid insisting on the production of succession certificate, letter of administration or probate, etc., or obtain any bond of indemnity or surety from the survivor(s)/nominee(s), unless there is any discrepancy in nomination. In this regard, branch shall take note of our instructions under para 5.3.2.
5.3.5 In case where the deceased locker hirer had not made any nomination or where the joint hirers had not given any mandate that the access may be given to one or more of the survivors by a clear survivorship clause, banks shall adopt a Board approved policy to facilitate access to legal heir(s) / legal representative of the deceased lockershafere

In this regard, branch shall take note of our instructions under para 5.3.2.
Similar procedure shall be followed for the articles under safe custody of the bank.

## PART VI: Closure and Discharge of locker items

6. This part refers to the breaking open of the locker in a manner other than through the normal access by the customer using her/his original key or password under any one of the following circumstances:
(i) if the hirer loses the key and requests for breaking open the locker at her /his cost; or
(ii) if the Government enforcement agencies have approached the bank with orders from the Court or appropriate competent authority to seize lockers and requested for access to the lockers; or
(iii) if ,the branch is of the view that there is a need to take back the locker as the locker hirer is not co-operating or not complying with the terms and conditions of the agreement.
Branches shall follow our existing procedur .

### 6.1 Discharge of locker contents at the request of customer

6.1.1 If the key of the locker, supplied by branch is lost by the locker-hirer, the customer (locker hirer) shall notify the branch immediately. An undertaking may also be obtained from the customer that the key lost, if found in future, will be handed over to the bank. All charges for opening the locker, changing the lock and replacing the lost key may be recovered from the hirer. The charges applicable for replacement of lost keys / issue of new password shall be communicated to the locker hirer.
6.1.2 The opening of the locker has to be carried out by the branch or its authorized technician only after proper identification of the hirer, proper recording of the fact of loss and written authorization by the customer for breaking open the locker.
6.1.3 The operation shall be done in the presence of the customer's and an authorized official of the branch. It has to be ensured that the adjoining lockers are not impacted by any such operations and the contents of the lockers are not exposed to any individuat ortier than the locker-hirer during the break-up or restoration process.

### 6.2 Attachment and recovery of contents in a Locker and the Articles in the safe custody of the branch by any Liw Enforcement Authority

6.2.1 In case of attachment and recovery of the contents in a locker of a customer or the articles left by a customer for safe custody of the branch by any Authority acting either under the orders of a Court or any other competent authority vested with the power to pass such orders, the branch shall co-operate in execution and implementation of the orders.
6.2.2 The branch shall verify and satisfy itseif about the orders and the connected documents received for attachment and recovery of the contents in a locker or articles in the safe custody of the branch. The customer (locker-hirer) shall be informed by letter as well as by email/SMS to the registered email id/mobile phone number that the Government Authorities have approached for attachment and recovery or seizure of the locker or articles deposited for safe custody. An inventory of the contents of locker and articles seized and recovered by the Authority shall be prepared in the presence of such Government Authorities, two independent witnesses and an officer of the branch and shall be signed by all. A copy of the inventory may be forwarded to the customer to the address available in the branch records or handed over to the customer against acknowledgement.
6.2.3 Branch shail also record a video of the break-open process and the inventory assessment, wherever legally permissible, and preserve the video to produce as evidence in case of any dispute or Court or fraud case in future.

### 6.3 Discharge of locker contents by branch due to nonpayment of locker rent

6.3.1 Branches shall have the discretion to break open any locker following due procedure if the rent has not been paid by the customer for three years in a row. The branch shall ensure to notify the existing locker-hirer prior to any changes in the allotment and give him/her reasonable opportunity to withdraw the articles deposited by him/her. A clause may be incorporated in the locker agreement to this effeet - -
6.3.2 Before breaking open the locker, the branch shall give due notice to the locker-hirer through a letter and through email and SMS alert to the registered email id and mobile phone number. If the letter ${ }^{*} \mathbf{s}^{*}$ returned undelivered or the locker-hirer is not traceable, public notice in two newspaper dailies (one in English and another in local language) giving reasonable time to the locker-hirer or to any other person/s who has interest in the contents of locker to respond, is to be published. The locker shall be broken open in the presence of an officer of the branch and two independent witnesses. In case of electronically operated lockers" (including Smart Vaults), the use of 'Vault Administrator' password for opening of locker shall be assigned to a senior official and complete audit trail of access shall be preserved. Further, branch shall also record a video of the break open process together with inventory assessment and its safe keep and preserve the same so as to provide evidence in case of any dispute or Court case in future. Branch shall also ensure that the details of breaking open of locker is documented in CBS or any other computerized systems compliant with the Cyber Security Framework issued by RBI, apart from locker register. After breaking open of locker, the contents shall be kept in sealed envelope with detailed inventory inside fireproof safe in a tamper-proof way until customer claims it. A record of access to the fireproof, safe shall invariably be maintained. While returning the contents of the locker, the branch shall obtain acknowledgement of the customer on the inventory list to avoid any dispute in future.
6.3.3 Branch shall ensure that the inventory prepared after breaking open of the locker and during settlement of claims, is in the appropriate forms as provided at the end of this circular or as near thereto as circumstances require. Further, branch shall not open sealed/closed packets left with them for safe custody or found in locker while releasing them to the nominee(s) and surviving locker hirers / depositor of safe custody article, unless required by law.

### 6.4 Discharge of locker contents if the locker remains inoperative for a long period of time

6.4.1 If the locker remains inoperative for a period years and the locker-hirer cannot be locateds even if
rent is being paid regularly, the branch shall be at liberty to transfer the contents of the locker to their nominees/legal heir or dispose of the articles in a transparent manner, as the case may be. Before breaking open the locker, the branch shall follow the procedure as prescribed in paragraph 6.3.2 and 6.3.3 above. Branch shall ensure that the procedure to be followed by them for disposal of the articles left unclaimed for a reasonably long period of time as mentioned above is incorporated in their locker agreement.
6.4.2 The Branch shall ensure that appropriate terms are inserted in the locker agreement executed with the customer specifying the position in case the locker is not in operation for long period. A clause may also be incorporated in the locker agreement to discharge the bank from liability in case the locker is not in operation and the locker is opened by the bank and contents are released as per law and as per the instructions issued by the Reserve Bank and the terms and conditions prescribed in the agreement.

## PART VII: Compensation Policy / Liability for Banks

## 7. Liability of banks

The branches shall put in place a detailed Board approved policy outlining the responsibility owed by them for any loss or damage to the contents of the lockers due to their negligence as banks owe a separate duty of care to exercise due diligence in maintaining and operating their locker or safety deposit systems. The duty of care includes ensuring proper functioning of the locker system, guarding against unauthorized access to the lockers and providing appropriate safeguards against theft and robbery. Further, branches shall adhere to the Master Directions on Frauds for reporting requirements about the instances of robberies, dacoities, thefts and burglaries.
7.1 Liability of banks arising from natural calamities like earthquake, flood, thunderstorm, lightning etc. or due to sole negligence of the customer
The bank shall not be liable for any damage and/or loss of contents of locker arising from natural calamities or Acts of God like earthquake, floods, lightning and thunderstorm or any act that is attributable to the scle fault or regligence of the customer. Branches shall, however, exercise appropriate care to their locke sjostems to protect their premises from such catastrophes
7.2. Liability of banks arising from events like fire, theft, burglary, dacoity, robbery, building collapse or in case of fraud committed by the employees of the bank
It is the responsibility of banks to take all steps for the safety and security of the premises in which the safe deposit vaults are housed. It has the responsibility to ensure that incidents like fire, theft/ burglary/ robbery, dacoity, building collapse do not occur in the bank's premises due to its own shortcomings, negligence and by any act of omission/commission. As banks cannot claim that they bear no liability towards their customers for loss of contents of the locker, in instances where loss of contents of locker are due to incidents mentioned above or attributable to fraud committed by its employee(s), the banks' liability shall be for an amount equivalent to one hundred times the prevailing annual rent of the safe deposit locker.

## PART VLI: Risk Management, Transparency and Customer Guidance

### 8.1 Branch Insurance Policy

Banks, with the approval of their Board, shall have a branch insurance policy to minimize the loss due to incidents like robbery, fire, natural calamities, loss during shifting/merger of branch, etc., affecting contents of lockers.
8.2 Insurance of locker contents by the customer

Branches shall clarify in their locker agreement that as they do not keep a record of the contents of the locker or of any articles removed therefrom or placed therein by the customer, they would not be under any liability to insure the contents of the locker against any risk whatsoever. Branches shall under no circumstances offer, directly or indirectly, any insurance product to its locker hirers for insurance of locker contents.

### 8.3 Customer guidance and publicity

8.3.1 The branches shall display the model locker agreement with all the Terms \& Conditions and the Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) on various aspects on Banks websites and/or at branches (if official website is not available) where locker facility is being provided for public viewing. The branches shall ensure that the customers are made aware of the bank's terms and conditions to avail those facilities.
8.3.2 Banks shall display updated information on all kinds of charges for safe deposit lockers and safe custodxáticles on banks websites.
8.3.3 Banks shall place on the websites, the instructions together with the policies / procedures for giving access of the locker/safe custody article to the nominee(s) / survivor(s) / legal heir(s) of the deceased locker hirer/safe custody article. Further, a printed copy of the same shall also be given to the nominee(s) / survivor(s) / legal heir(s).
8.4 Board approved policies and SOPs

Branches shall put in place a comprehensive revised Board approved policy and SOPs on safe' deposit locker facility/safe custody article .

# FINGROWTH CO-OPERATIVE BANK LTD. 

## Notification

(DBOD.No.Leg.BC.38/C.233A-85 dated March 29, 1985)
(UBD.BR.764/B.1-84/85 dated March 29, 1985)

In exercise of the powers conferred on the Reserve Bank of India by subsection (3) of section $45 Z \mathrm{C}$ and sub-section (4) of section 45ZE of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, read with Section 56 of the Act ibid (for cooperative banks) respectively, the Reserve Bank of India hereby directs that the inventory to be prepared before returning articles left in safe custody and the inventory to be prepared before permitting removal of the contents of a safety locker, shall respectively be in the appropriate Forms set out as enclosed or as near thereto as circumstances require.

The following inventory of articles left in safe custody with $\qquad$ branch, by Shri /

Smt. $\qquad$ (deceased) under an agreement/receipt dated
was taken on this,
day of
20

| Sr. <br> No. | Description of Articles in Safe <br> Custody | Other identifying Particulars, if <br> any |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

The above inventory was taken in the presence of:

1. Shri/Smt $\qquad$ .Nominee)Shri/Smt (Appointed on behalf of minor Nominee)
$\qquad$ hereby acknowledge receipt of the articles comprised and set out in the above inventory together with a copy of the said inventory.

Shri/Smt.
(Nominee) Shri/Smt. $\qquad$

| Signature |  | (Appointed on behalf of minor Nominee) <br> Signature |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - |  |  |  |
| Date \& Place |  | Date \& Place |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Form of Inventory of Contents of Safety Locker Hired from BankIng Company

(Section 452E (4) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949)


For the purpose of inventory, access to the locker was given to the Nominee/and the surviving hirers

- who produced the key to the locker.
- by breaking open the locker under his/her/their instructions.

The above inventory was taken in the presence of:

1. Shri/Smt. $\qquad$ (Nominee)
(Signature).
Address $\qquad$
2. Shri/Smt. $\qquad$ (Nominee)
(Signature)
Address $\qquad$
and

Shri/Smt. $\qquad$
(Signature)
Addiress $\qquad$
Shri/Smt. $\qquad$ Survivors of
Address $\qquad$ (Signature) joint hirers
2. Witness(es) with name, address and signature:
*I, Shri/Smt. $\qquad$ (Nominee)

* We, Shri / Smt. $\qquad$ (Nominee), Shri/Smt.
and Shri/Smt.
the survivors of the joint hirers, hereby acknowledge the recelpt of the contents of the safety locker comprised in and set out in the above inventory together. with a copy of the sald Inventory.

Shri/Smt. $\qquad$ (Nominee)

Shri/Smt. $\qquad$ (Survivor)
Signature Date \& Place $\qquad$
Signature $\qquad$

Shri/Smt $\qquad$ (Survivor)
Signature $\qquad$ Date \& Place
(" Delete whichever is not applicabl

